

CRH Human

Corticotropin Releasing Hormone Human Recombinant
HRM0013

Product Overview

Name CRH Human

Description

Corticotropin Releasing Hormone Human Recombinant

Accession (Primary) [P06850](#)

Synonyms

CRF, Corticotropin-Releasing Factor.

Source

Escherichia Coli.

Physical Appearance

Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Formulation

Each mg was lyophilized with 1xPBS, 0.4% SDS and 4mM DTT.

Stability

Store lyophilized CRH at -20°C. Aliquot the product after reconstitution to avoid repeated freezing/thawing cycles.

Reconstituted protein can be stored at 4°C for a limited period of time; it does not show any change after two weeks at 4°C.

Purity

Greater than 90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Solubility

It is recommended to add deionized water to prepare a working stock solution of approximately 0.5mg/ml and let the lyophilized pellet dissolve completely. Product is not sterile! Please filter the product by an appropriate sterile filter before using it on cell culture.

Background

CRH is a neuropeptide which regulates body's response to stress. CRH stimulates the release of ACTH from the pituitary gland which triggers the adrenal glands to produce cortisol. CRH takes part in the hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis which controls the production of cortisol and other glucocorticoids. CRH is synthesized in different tissues such as the brainstem, hypothalamus and peripheral organs. In Pregnancy, CRH regulates parturition and fetal development.

Precautions

CRH Human is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Target Information: ([P06850](#))

Background

Corticotropin-Releasing Hormone (CRH) is a neuropeptide which regulates the body's response to stress. CRH stimulates the release of ACTH from the pituitary gland which triggers the adrenal glands to produce cortisol. CRH takes part in the hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis which controls the production of cortisol and more various glucocorticoids. CRH is synthesized in different tissues such as the brainstem, hypothalamus and peripheral organs.