

CD14 Human HEK CD14 Human Recombinant HEK CDA0007

Product Overview

Name CD14 Human HEK

Description

CD14 Human Recombinant HEK

Accession (Primary) P08571

Synonyms

Monocyte differentiation antigen CD14, Myeloid cell-specific leucine-rich glycoprotein, CD14.

Introduction

CD14 (also known lipopolysaccharide (LPS) receptor) is expressed strongly on monocytes and macrophage and weakly on the surface of neutrophils. CD14 is anchored to cells by linkage to glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) and functions as a high affinity receptor for complexes of LPS and LPS binding protein (LBP). Soluble CD14, also binding to LPS, acts at physiological concentration as an LPS agonist and has, at higher concentrations, an LPS antagonizing effect in cell activation. CD14 has been shown to bind apoptotic cells.

Source

CHO-cells.

Physical Appearance

Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Formulation

CD14 was lyophilized from a concentrated protein solution (1.0 mg/ml) containing phosphate-buffered saline, pH 7.2.

Stability

Lyophilized CD14 although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution CD14 should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below -18°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Purity

Greater than 95.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Biological Activity

Up to 20 μg/ml CD14 inhibit binding of FITC-LPS (0.5 μg/ml) to 600,000 CD14+CHO transfectants (FACS).

Solubility

It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized CD14 in sterile 18M?-cm H2O not less than 100 µg/ml. Further



dilutions should be made with phosphate buffered saline (PBS).

Precautions

CD14 Human HEK is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Target Information: (P08571)