

Aprotinin Protein

Aprotinin
NTP0006

Product Overview

Name Aprotinin Protein

Description

Aprotinin

Accession (Primary) [P00974](#)

Synonyms

EC 2.4.2.73, MGC125857, AMP diphosphorylase, Adenine phosphoribosyltransferase, APRT, AMP, MGC125856, MGC129961, DKFZp686D13177.

Introduction

APRT is part of the purine/pyrimidine phosphoribosyltransferase family. APRT enzyme catalyzes the formation of AMP and inorganic pyrophosphate from adenine and 5-phosphoribosyl-1-pyrophosphate (PRPP). APRT produces adenine as a by-product of the polyamine biosynthesis pathway. A homozygous deficiency in APRT causes 2,8-dihydroxyadenine urolithiasis. APRT catalyzes a salvage reaction resulting in the formation of AMP.

Source

Escherichia Coli.

Physical Appearance

Sterile Filtered colorless solution.

Formulation

The protein solution contains 20mM Tris-HCl pH-8, 1mM DTT and 10% glycerol.

Stability

Store at 4°C if entire vial will be used within 2-4 weeks. Store, frozen at -20°C for longer periods of time. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Purity

Greater than 90.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Amino acid sequence

MADSELQLVE QRIRSFDPFP TPGVVFRDIS PVLKDPASFR AAIGLLARHL KATHGGRIDY IAGLDSRGFL
FGPSLAQELG LGCVLIRKRG KLPGPTLWAS YSLEYGKAEL EIQKDALEPG QRVVVVDLL ATGGTMNAAC
ELLGRLQAEV LECVSLVELT SLKGREKLAP VPFFSLLQYE.

Precautions

Aprotinin Protein is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Target Information: ([P00974](#))